A Career of Courage RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (TCDRS) 13 PAID HOLIDAYS

RRED COMPENSATION (457b) SICK LEAVE

INIMUM REOUIREMENTS

NACOGDOCHES COUNTY

VISION STATEMENT

Enhancing our community through quality services in a manner with measurable outcomes

PURPOSE

The purpose of Nacogdoches County Government is to provide service that meets or exceeds the expectations of the citizens we serve and to carry out our duties by maintaining fiscal responsibility, demonstrating accountability and fairness

COUNTY DUTIES

Texas county government evolved from the municipios from Spanish rule. Texas has grown from the original 23 to 254 but what all does a county provide to a community?

- Public Safety & Justice (Sheriff Department, Constables, Judge, County Clerk & District Attorney)
- Elections (Election Administrator)
- Transportation Routes (Road & Bridge Department, Planning & Commissioners)
- Official Records (District Clerk and County Clerk)
- Health & Safety (Commissioners & Sheriff Department)
- Emergency Management (Judge, Emergency Management, Sheriff Department, & Constables)

To learn more about how we are working for you, visit our website at: www.co.nacogdoches.tx.us

Both the ACFR and the PAFR, as well as the 2022-2023 County Budget are on the Nacoadoches County website: www.co.nacogdoches.tx.us

CONTACTS

County Judge

Greg Sowell 101 W, Main St, Suite 170 Nacogdoches, TX 75961 (936) 560-7755 cojudge@co.nacogdoches.tx.us

County Auditor

Jessica Corley 101 W. Main St, Suite 140 Nacogdoches, TX 75961 (936) 560-7761 jcorley@co.nacogdoches.tx.us

NACOGDOCHES COUNTY OFFICIALS

County Judge **Greg Sowell** Jerry Don Williamson Commissioner Pct. 1 Commissioner Pct. 2 Sandy McCorvey Commissioner Pct. 3 Robin Dawley Mark Harkness Commissioner Pct. 4 Jeff Davis 145th District Judge Edwin Klein 420th District Judge County Court at Law Judge Jack Sinz District Attorney **Andrew Jones** County Attorney John Fleming **County Sheriff Jason Bridges** Tax Assessor-Collector Kim Morton **County Treasurer** Denise Baublet **District Clerk** Loretta Cammack County Clerk June Clifton-Price Justice of the Peace Pct. 1 Kerry Williamson Justice of the Peace Pct. 2 Dorothy Tigner-Thompson Justice of the Peace Pct. 3 Le Ann Goerner Justice of the Peace Pct. 4 Vaughn Griffin Constable Pct. 1 William Sowell Clarence Yarbrough Constable Pct. 2 Constable Pct. 3 Roger Dudley Constable Pct. 4 David Stone **County Auditor** Jessica Corley



Did you know?

In 1846, Nacogdoches was subdivided into 20 other counties.



POPULAR ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

GREETINGS

DEAR NACOGDOCHES COUNTY CITIZENS AND OTHER INTERESTED SHAREHOLDERS.

We proudly present Nacogdoches County's Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) for fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. The PAFR, while not a substitute for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), presents a less technical, more user-friendly report of the county's finances as well as other important county

The 2022 ACFR, which this PAFR summarizes, was audited by Whitley Penn LLP. It received an "Unmodified Opinion" meaning that the ACFR's statements fairly represent the financial condition of Nacogdoches County for fiscal year 2022.

This report does not necessarily conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as it does not include custodial funds and certain special revenue funds. It is not issued a separate opinion: however, it does meet the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) standards.

The full ACFR and PAFR for 2022 are available for inspection in the County Auditor's Office at 101 W. Main, Suite 140 or on the county's website, www.co.nacogdoches.tx.us. The presentation of the PAFR, ACFR, the County Budget document and the other services that we provide is in the spirit of our Vision Statement and Purpose which we have pledged to you, the citizens of Nacogdoches County.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED. THE OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES



Protecting Those That Protect Us

Body Worn Cameras

The County received two body worn camera grants which will allow the Sheriff's Office to purchase new and to replace aging body cameras.

The federally awarded Supporting Small, Rural, and Tribal Law Enforcement Agency Body-Worn Camera Policy and Implementation Program awarded the county \$11,765.00 towards the purchase of new cameras. This grant allowed the Sheriff's office to purchase nine new cameras, nine vehicle docking stations, chest mounts, and licensing fees.

The state awarded Office of the Governor, Public Safety Office, Criminal Justice Division Body-Worn Camera Replacement Grant awarded the county \$17,670 towards the replacement of existing equipment. This grant allowed the Sheriff's office to purchase 16 body cameras, 16 vehicle docking stations, docks for downloading, and licensing fees.

Grant requirements included reviewing our existing Body Worn Camera Policy, reviewing training records, and ensuring compliance with state and federal mandates. Body Cameras are one of the ways that the Sheriff's office is using technology to protect officers and citizens alike in the course of public safety.

Using grants is just one way that the County strives to use taxpayer dollars in the most efficient way possible.

CONGRATS & GOOD LUCK!

Nacogdoches County said Farewell and Good Luck to seven employees who retired during the year. We hope that they are enjoying their new stage in life.

William Skillern

Jailer, 1 year of service

Michael Harmon

Adult Probation Officer, 6 years of service

David Denny

Lead Custodian, 7 years of service

Loyal Madden

County Court at Law Bailiff, 12 years of service

Tara Williams

County Court at Law Court Coordinator, 17 years of service

William Plunkett

Lake Naconiche Manager, 22 years of service

David Perkins

Justice of the Peace Precinct 4, 31 years of service

Hasinai Indians

The Caddo confederacy had four major Hasinai tribes that lived in what would become Nacogdoches County. Hainai, Nacogdoche, Nasonis, and Nacao. The Caddos were an agricultural people with a highly developed culture. Burial mounds, a prehistoric village, and a flat top earthen temple can be found at the Caddo Mounds State Historic Site on State Highway 21 about six miles southwest of Alto in southern Cherokee County.

The Hainai tribe occupied the area along the Angelina River in the western portion of the county. From this tribe came a young girl that learned Spanish and began assisting missionaries; her first recorded appearance is in 1690. She would travel with the missionaries for 10 years and return to East Texas as a guide, mediator, and interpreter among the Hasinai, French and Spanish—she was named Angelina (little angel) by the missionaries and is the name sake of both the river and county.

The Nacogdoche tribe lived near the present day site of the city of Nacogdoches. Although under Spanish jurisdiction, the French gained the affection of the tribe through trade of good, slaves, feed, and munitions. In 1752, the Nacogdoche pueblo was removed northward by the Spanish after a gathering of tribes was held to discuss attacking Spanish establishments. The records of the tribe become confused after the move, the 1778 census does not include the Nacogdoche, unless they were recorded as the Nacogdochitos—recorded in the same area as the Nacodoches in 1795 and 1819—halfway between Nacogdoches and Sabine river, the same area to which the pueblo had been relocated.

The Nasonis tribe were in the northern part of the county, also known as the Lower Nasoni. Disease and warfare greatly reduced their numbers and were absorbed by the Anadarkos by the 1880s. However, the mission of San Jose was established near their village where it stayed until 1729 when it was moved to San Antonio.

The Nacao tribe (also spelled as Nacau) lived in the northeastern corner of the county, according to one analyst; another suggested the tribe lived further northeast where Nacogdoches, Rusk, and Shelby counties all join. There is little known of the tribe past 1716 when the Nacogdoches Mission was established for the Nacogdoche and Nacao tribes.

During the 1820s and 1830s Caddo Indians from Louisiana and displaced Cherokees joined the four tribes. The last Indian settlement in the county, near Old Jacob's Chapel was abandoned in 1840 as during the decade, the Hasinai were moved to the Brazos River to make way for European immigrants. In 1859 all remaining Caddo were moved to the Washita River into "Indian Territory." However the legacy of the Hasinai tribe of the Caddo confederacy left a lasting mark as the Spanish adopted the Caddo word for friend/ally "taysha;" it may be more recognizable as the Spanish spelling: "Tejas" which would give way to our fair state of Texas.

AD VALOREM TAX RATE FY 2018-2022						
Year	Maintenance	Debt Service	Total Rate	Total Value	Total Levy	
	& Operating					
2018	0.5306	0.0511	0.5817	\$3,258,977,154	\$18,253,000	
2019	0.5212	0.0464	0.5676	\$ 3,406,397,300	\$18,710,000	
2020	0.5295	0.0229	0.5524	\$3,726,712,780	\$19,907,000	
2021	0.5387	0.0255	0.5642	\$ 3,490,787,820	\$20,006,000	
2022	0.5402	0.0240	0.5642	\$3,661,807,968	\$20,759,000	

Ad valorem tax rates are the amount of taxes paid for each \$100 of property value. Taxes would be \$564.20 on a property valued at \$100,000. Maintenance & Operating taxes are expended in the General, Road & Bridge, Jury, and Lake Naconiche funds. Debt Service Fund taxes are used only to retire principal & interest on bonded debt. The total levy is the amount of taxes to be received from the calculation of Net Property. (Tax values) x (the total tax rate per \$100) = Levy

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS						
ISSUE	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL	MATURITY DATE	2022-2023 REQUIREMENTS	
2006 C.O.	\$1,195,000.00	\$96,188.00	\$1,291,188.00	2026	\$280,000.00	
2012 BONDS	\$1,070,000.00	\$32,250.00	\$1,102,250.00	2024	\$530,000.00	
TOTAL	\$2,265,000.00	\$128,438.00	\$2,393,438.00		\$810,000.00	

Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures was 4.8%, with no plans to issue additional long-term debt.

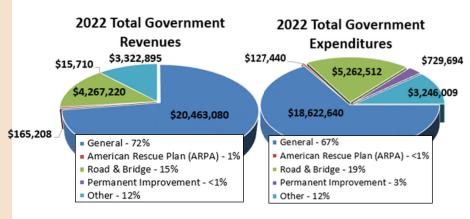
FUND BALANCES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30							
YEAR	GENERAL	American	ROAD &	PERMANENT	OTHER*	TOTAL	
		Rescue Plan	BRIDGE	IMPROVEMENT			
		(ARPA)		FUND			
2018	\$6,483,390		\$532,700		\$3,403,307	\$10,419,397	
2019	\$5,960,182		\$837,060	\$2,093,749	\$3,952,601	\$12,843,592	
2020	\$6,543,098		\$1,724,902	\$3,812,975	\$3,650,159	\$15,731,134	
2021	\$9,243,803	\$16,532	\$1,551,469	\$4,154,337	\$3,308,254	\$18,274,395	
2022	\$7,221,596	\$54,300	\$623,915	\$7,531,399	\$3,616,298	\$19,047,508	

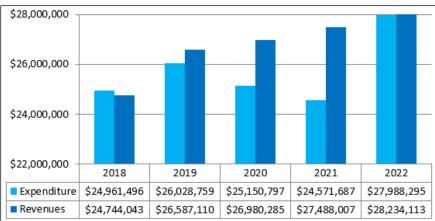
*Includes restricted fund balances for Narcotics Task Force and Certificate of Obligation Funds for capital projects.



The Old University Building is the only building in Texas built for a university that was established during the Republic of Texas. The bell in the copula was cast in 1859 by at Henry N. Hooper Company—the foundry was originally that of Paul Revere which was purchased by Mr. Hooper, an apprentice of Mr. Revere.

REVENUES/EXPENDITURES





HOW WE COMPARE						
COUNTY	POPULATION	2022 TAX	OIL & GAS	UNEMPLOYMENT		
	(2020) ¹	RATE/\$100 ²	WELLS ³	(SEPT 2021) ⁴		
Nacogdoches	64,653	0.5642	1058	4.1%		
Angelina	86,395	0.5891	107	4.5%		
Houston	22,066	0.4747	164	4.5%		
Jasper	32,980	0.6132	138	9.0%		
Newton	12,217	0.6491	96	6.9%		
Polk	50,123	0.6100	219	5.7%		
Sabine	9,894	0.3844	12	6.9%		
San Augustine	7,918	0.3043	342	6.3%		
San Jacinto	27,402	0.5296	47	5.0%		
Shelby	24,022	0.6948	549	3.8%		
Trinity	13,602	0.5700	8	5.3%		
Tyler	19,798	0.7797	199	5.8%		
¹ census.gov		⁴ fred.stlouisfed.org		Texas 3.7%		
² comptroller.texas. _{	gov	³ texas-drilling.com		US 3.3%		